

Enrollment No: \_\_\_\_\_

Exam Seat No: \_\_\_\_\_

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Winter Examination-2019

**Subject Name: Digital Circuits**

**Subject Code: 4TE03DCI1**

**Branch: B.Tech (Electrical)**

**Semester : 3**

**Date : 18/11/2019**

**Time : 02:30 To 05:30**

**Marks : 70**

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
  - (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
  - (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
  - (4) Assume suitable data if needed.
- 

**Q-1**

**Attempt the following questions:**

**(14)**

- 1) Gray code is representation of 14 is  
(a) 1010 (b) 1100 (c) 1001
- 2) The NAND gate output will be low if the two inputs are  
(a) 00 (b) 01 (c) 10 (d) 11
- 3) What is the binary equivalent of the decimal number 368  
(a) 101110000 (b) 110110000 (c) 111100000 (d) 111010000
- 4) The number of control lines for a 8 to 1 multiplexer is  
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 5 (d) 4
- 5) The digital logic family which has minimum power dissipation is  
(a) TTL (b) RTL (c) DTL (d) CMOS
- 6) The 2's complement of the number 1101101 is  
(a) 0101110 (b) 0111110 (c) 0010011 (d) 01100010
- 7) The number F represents \_\_\_\_\_ number in hexadecimal system.  
(a) 11 (b) 10 (c) 14 (d) 15
- 8) Which type of logic gate is also known as an inverter?  
(a) OR gate (b) NAND gate (c) NOT gate (d) None of the above
- 9) Any basic gate can be used in combinational logic circuit.  
(a) True (b) False
- 10) The bit 0 and 1 represents \_\_\_\_\_ number system.  
(a) Binary (b) Octal (c) Hexadecimal (d) Decimal
- 11) What is the full form of BCD?
- 12) In the positive logic system 1 is high and 0 is low.  
(a) True (b) False
- 13) Define Digital system.
- 14) A flip flop has two outputs which are \_\_\_\_  
(a) Always 0 (b) Always 1 (c) Always complementary (d) None of the above



**Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8**

- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Which gates are known as universal gates? Draw the universal gates with the help of circuit diagrams and truth tables. **07**
  - (b) Simplify  $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma (0,1,2,4,5,6,8,9,12,13,14)$  using four variable K-Map. **07**
- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Do as directed: **07**
    - (i) Convert  $(101101)_2$  to decimal
    - (ii) Convert  $(64)_{10}$  to binary
    - (iii) Convert  $(A159F)_{16} = (\text{_____})_8$
  - (b) Draw the logic diagram and truth table of half subtractor. Write its Boolean expression and explain its operation. **07**
- Q-4 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Draw the logic diagram and truth table of J-K flip flop and explain its operation. **07**
  - (b) Design a 4 bit BCD to Gray code converter. **07**
- Q-5 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Explain TTL logic families in details. **07**
  - (b) Explain the working of 4 bit asynchronous up counter. **07**
- Q-6 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Draw the logic diagram of 4 bit buffer register and explain its operation. **07**
  - (b) What is meant by multiplexer? Explain with diagram and truth table of 4 to 1 line multiplexer. **07**
- Q-7 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Simplify **07**
    - (a)  $Z = (A+C)(A+D)(B+C)(B+D)$
    - (b)  $Z = (B+BC)(B+B'C)(B+D)$
  - (b) Design and implement a 3 line to 8 line decoder. **07**
- Q-8 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) What are the applications of shift register? **07**
  - (b) Describe the comparisons of counters with registers. **07**



